

Please turn over and read the instructions!

1) Prove that if |z| = 1 then $\left|\frac{\overline{b}z + \overline{a}}{az + b}\right| = 1$ for all complex numbers a, b, $(a, b) \neq (0, 0)$.

2) Find all complex number solutions of the equation $z^2 + |z| = 0$. Write your final answer in algebraic form.

3) Show that the complex function $w = z + \frac{1}{z}$ maps the circles |z| = r (with r > 1) onto ellipses. What happens when $r \to 1$?

4) Consider the complex function $f(x+iy) = (x^2 + 2y) + i(x^2 + y^2)$ and determine the points $z_0 \in \mathbb{C}$ at which the derivative $f'(z_0)$ exists.

5) Determine the points at which the complex function $g(z) = \frac{1}{(1 - \sin z)^2}$ has no derivative and compute its derivative where it exists.

6) Verify that the function $v(x, y) = y + e^{x^2 - y^2} \sin 2xy$ is harmonic in \mathbb{C} and find a harmonic conjugate -u(x, y) such that u(0, 0) = 3.

Formula sheet

Numbers: z = x + iy (algebraic form), $x, y \in \mathbb{R}$, $i^2 = -1$, $\overline{z} = x - iy$ Real and imaginary parts: $x = \operatorname{Re}(z) = \frac{z + \overline{z}}{2}$, $y = \operatorname{Im}(z) = \frac{z - \overline{z}}{2}$ Basic operations: If $z_1 = x_1 + iy_1$ and $z_2 = x_2 + iy_2$, then $z_1 \pm z_2 = (x_1 \pm x_2) + i(y_1 \pm y_2), \ z_1 \cdot z_2 = (x_1 x_2 - y_1 y_2) + i(y_1 x_2 + x_1 y_2)$ $\frac{z_1}{z_2} = \frac{x_1 x_2 + y_1 y_2}{x_2^2 + u_2^2} + i \frac{y_1 x_2 - x_1 y_2}{x_2^2 + y_2^2}, \quad z_2 \neq 0$ Polar form: $z = r(\cos \theta + i \sin \theta)$, $r \ge 0$, $\theta \in (-\pi, \pi]$ Modulus: $r = |z| = \sqrt{z\overline{z}} = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$ Argument: $\theta = \operatorname{Arg}(z)$ (principal value), $\operatorname{arg}(z) = \operatorname{Arg}(z) + 2\pi k$, $k \in \mathbb{Z}$ Identities: $\overline{z_1 + z_2} = \overline{z}_1 + \overline{z}_2, |\overline{z}| = |z|, \arg(\overline{z}) = -\arg(z)$ $|z_1 z_2| = |z_1| |z_2|, \arg(z_1 z_2) = \arg(z_1) + \arg(z_2)$ $\left|\frac{z_1}{z_2}\right| = \frac{|z_1|}{|z_2|}, \operatorname{arg}\left(\frac{z_1}{z_2}\right) = \operatorname{arg}(z_1) - \operatorname{arg}(z_2)$ Triangle inequality: $|z_1 + z_2| \le |z_1| + |z_2|$ De Moivre's theorem: $(\cos \theta + i \sin \theta)^n = \cos n\theta + i \sin n\theta$, $n \in \mathbb{Z}$ Euler's formula: $e^{i\theta} = \cos\theta + i\sin\theta$ Exponential form: $z = re^{i\theta}$ Functions: w = f(z) = f(x + iy) = u(x, y) + iv(x, y)Complex exponential: $e^{z} := 1 + z + \frac{z^{2}}{2!} + \frac{z^{3}}{3!} + \dots = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{z^{n}}{n!}$ $e^{z_1+z_2} = e^{z_1}e^{z_2}$. $e^z = e^{x+iy} = e^x e^{iy} = e^x(\cos y + i\sin y)$ Trigonometric functions: $\cos z := \frac{e^{iz} + e^{-iz}}{2}$, $\sin z := \frac{e^{iz} - e^{-iz}}{2^{iz}}$ Complex Logarithm: $\operatorname{Log} z := \operatorname{Log} |z| + i \operatorname{Arg} z$ (principal value) Derivatives: $f'(z_0) = \lim_{\Delta z \to 0} \frac{f(z_0 + \Delta z) - f(z_0)}{\Delta z}$ Cauchy-Riemann equations: $\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial v}{\partial u}, \ \frac{\partial u}{\partial u} = -\frac{\partial v}{\partial x}$ Laplace's equation: $\frac{\partial^2 \phi}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 \phi}{\partial u^2} = 0$, solutions are called *harmonic*

Instructions

- write your name and student number on the envelope and on the top of each sheet of writing paper!
- use the writing (lined) and scratch (blank) paper provided, raise your hand if you need more paper
- start each question on a new page
- use a pen with black or blue ink
- do not use any kind of correcting fluid or tape
- any rough work should be crossed through neatly so it can be seen
- this is a closed-book exam, you are not allowed to use the textbook or your notes or any other written material
- you are allowed to use the formula sheet provided or a simple pocket calculator
- programmable/graphing calculators are not allowed, nor the use of electronic devices (tablet, laptop, phone, etc.) to solve the exercises
- your work should be clearly and logically structured
- explain your reasoning using words
- show all your calculations, an answer without any computation will not be rewarded
- each problem is worth 15 points
- you get 10 free points
- upon completion¹ place your worksheets in the envelope and submit them at the front desk

¹At the end of the exam or after you finished whichever is sooner.